RESCUR Project – First Consortium Meeting 25/01/2013

Malta

RESCUR Project Meeting 25th January 2013 (9:00 – 17:00)

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Location: University of Malta (Education Boardroom)

Attended:

Sweden: Charlie, Birgitta

Italy: Roberta Assunta

Portugal: Celesta, Paula

Greece: Anastasios, Marisa

Coatia: Renata

Malta: Carmel, Prof. Paul

Project's Budget:

Project Support personnel from the University of Malta were invited to this meeting in order to explain the Project's budget. The Project Support personnel explained the financial procedures associated with the project.

At the end of each year, all partners must provide the Projects Office with original receipts of the Project costs. In case when original receipts cannot be provided, certified true copies (stamped and signed) will be accepted.

The Project Support personnel agreed that all documents relevant to the project (i.e. receipts) may be send via email as a scanned document. It is important that when communication via email takes place, all partners should include the Project's name and country in the 'Subject'.

Initially, each country/partner will be receiving 40% of the total budget. The remaining 60% will be received by the partners later on throughout the project.

Prior to any changes/amendments made to the project, these are to be communicated and approved by Malta (UoM) first.

Any time the partners request a change in budget etc. they should make a request via an email to the Project's Office and to CC Prof. Cefai.

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Communication:

- Until Google Drive is ready all partners will communicate via email
- Then partners will communicate via Google Drive, until website is ready

Summary of what was done in yesterday's meeting:

Yesterday the meeting ended with a discussion about various models that can be adopted to construct and deliver the curriculum.

Model 1: A general framework of Resilience (proposed by Italy)

Resilience is referred to as a Process.

Self - efficacy approach: I am - I have - I can

The protective factors will be related / based to the themes of our programs.

BASIC-Ph Model (O. Ayalon & M. Lahad)

(Protective & Risk factors) **B** – Belonging

Individual A - Affection

Classroom S – Social

Teacher & School I – Imagination

Family C- Cognition

Community

Ph – Physical

The BASIC-Ph Model can be adopted as a pedagogical tool whereby activities can be adopted on this model.

It will be a whole process – there will be a very strong link.

Models to adopt for the project:

- Start with self-awareness
- What competences do I have
- What factors I have and need to achieve
- The goal / aim that I have
- What I need to improve in myself
- The stressors that I will face throughout the process
- How I will go over these stressors and attain that goal.

First Process:

- a. Having/Being (and being with others) I am (I am also in relation with others)
- b. Doing BASIC-Ph model (upon which activities and pedagogical tools will be adopted)
- c. Becoming when the child practices at school successfully (in the classroom)

The Model (revised/final) version:

	Being	
 Resilience		

- 1. Ecological (Macro Perspective)
- 2. Transactional Risk Resilience (Transversal Resilience is a process)
- 3. Generalist (universal)

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	Level of intervention
I have	
I am	
	Becoming / Outcome
We need to propose a new way of thinking of resilience. The curr issues of resilience.	iculum will be a new way to tackle

Principles to be adopted:

(These principles must be very clear in the handbook)

- Spiral
- Formative assessment of outcomes
- Action involve child / student/ child centered (voice choice)
- Inclusive of children
- Diversity minded approach
- Experience based/ experiential active learning, SAFE approach
- Relationship status, rapport, trust, sense of belonging, focus on relationship building
- Developmental appropriate
- Meaningful and relevant to life (practicality)
- European Identity & European diversity (imp. to take into consideration the special context of European countries). Hence this curriculum will differ it from other curriculums (ex. US) since it is context-based.
- User-friendly
- Cross-curricula
- Teacher taught (school psychologist may be mentors/ supervisors)

During the piloting stage:

• Each country will pilot a particular topic in order to have an idea of all.

Types of Assessment:

- 1. Checklist to assess the effectiveness of the curriculum
- 2. Journal children provided with a 'homework' to draw or write an essay about anger

3. Focus groups with teachers

The schools that need to be selected should have a high probability of students with resilience issues.

Work Package 5:

- Translation of the Curriculum and manuals
- Training of trainers
- Training of teachers
- Evaluation

All partners agreed that the translation in work package 5 will be carried out earlier in the project (throughout Work Packages 2, 3, 4). Thus translation and all resources (i.e. teacher & parent handbook and manuals) have to be ready and available for Work package 5.

Each Partner/ country will be responsible of its implementation and evaluation.

General overview of their Educational System (in order for everyone to familiarize with the different social contexts):

Malta

- 3-4 yrs Kindergarten I, II 1 teacher (Not Compulsary)
- 5-11 yrs Primary, Year 1-6 1 teacher (Compulsary)
- 12-16 yrs Secondary, Form 1 -5 Subject Teachers (Compulsary) Mostly Single Sex
- 17+ Post Secondary
- University / MCAST
- Physical & Social Development (PSD) implemented for the last 20 years (especially in secondary)
- Students with special needs are in regular classes. Only 0.3% of children with special needs are in special schools.
- Learning Support Assistants (LSA) help children with special needs
- In some schools/ areas we have children deriving from ethnic/migrant groups:
 - 2/3 attending state schools
 - 1/3 attending church schools
 - 10% attending independent schools

Sweden

- 1-5 yrs Pre-school, 1 teacher/ 12 children per person (Not Compulsory but 80 90% attend)
- 6 yrs Pre-school class, 1 teacher (compulsory)
- 7-9 yrs Primary school, 3 teachers for 70 children

Leisure time pedagogues – so half of the day there are 2 teachers

- 9-11 yrs Middle School
- 12-15 yrs Secondary School
- 16-19 yrs High School
- 19+ University
- It is the responsibility of the Headmaster how to organize the school.
- In some schools children will have 1 children while other not. It depends on the school.
- You are not allowed to have any sort of religious ceremonies or classes.
- A team of teachers will be responsible for a whole Year (ex: Year 4)
- Free Schools anybody can open a school ex: School specialized on sports
- Do not have socio-economic learning in schools
- Schools need to integrate an Equality principle in the curriculum.

Croatia

- 1-6 yrs Kindergarten (day care centre), 1 teacher with every 20 children (supported by government and is cheap)
- 6-7 yrs
- 8 yrs Primary School compulsory
- Special Schools for children with special needs.
- Education for Democracy overlapped with SEL focus on citizenship education (similar to social studies)

Italy

- 4 months 3yrs Day care1 teacher with 27 children, (not compulsory, very expensive)
- 3-5 yrs Kindergarten, 2 teachers (split the day)
- *6-10 yrs Primary, teacher for different subjects, only Catholic religion taught in classes- you can choose whether to attend or not.

- *11-13 yrs Middle level
- *14-18 yrs Secondary Level, 11 teachers / 1 for each subject
- University
- * Approx. 30/32 students in each class
- No resilience or SEL curriculum. Inclusion not supported by schools
- Special teachers are designated a number of hours (6 hours per week to children with special needs).
- The Educational system in Southern Italy is worse than in Northern Italy.
- In Italy we have students deriving from North Africa (ex: MAGREB) and Chinese.
- Children with special needs are in regular schools.

Greece

- 4 months 3yrs Day Care (majority of people opt for private day care if they can afford it. Otherwise they leave the kids at home).
- 4 yrs Kinder, 1 teacher with 15 children and support from a teacher trainee. (Optional)
- 5 yrs Kinder Kindergarten(Mandatory)
- 6-12 yrs Primary
- 13-15 yrs Junior High
- 16-18 yrs High School
- 19+ University
- 25 Average number of students in school (depending on the area)
- Since 2001 law for inclusive education
- Special schools are available for severe mental cases. Psychologists are present in these schools for help and support.
- Children with special needs attend regular schools whereby resource rooms are available.
- School psychologist are not available in public schools but only in private schools.
- There has been an influx of immigrants to Greece namely from the Middle East (Iraq & India)
- Teachers need more training on how to treat and deal with multiculturalism in the classroom.
- SEL -1 hour per week in each elementary high school. The teacher teaches whatever she thinks is suitable for the classroom. (Flexible teaching up to the teacher to decide).

Portugal

- Before 3 yrs you must pay
- 3-6 yrs Pre-school
- 6-10 Basic Education:
 - a. First Fourth grade (1 teacher for every discipline)
 - b. Fifth sixth grade (1 teacher for each subject, Physical Education and extra activities ex: drama part of the curriculum)
 - c. Seventh ninth grade
- 10-12 yrs Secondary Education
- Religion lessons are not compulsory
- If students have difficulties the school must support
- Health Education in the ninth grade subjects are related to SEL
- Support Teachers are available in school depending on the needs of the student/s (on full time and part time basis).
- Children from Eastern Countries ex: Ukraine, Romania are well integrated in the school community and succeed at school.
- ROMA children face more difficulties in integrating in schools.

From Having	
To Becoming	
(Outcome)	
Resilience	
Being	
(I AM)	

Stressors	
	Doing (Skills)
To Becoming	
From Having	
Stressors	
I CAN	
Doing (BASIC – Ph)	
Resilience Curriculum (RC)	Support via the curriculum
Developmental & Situational Challenges	

Child
Parents & Teachers RC
Direct
Child RC
Support
Coping
(doing)
Theory
Model of Resilience Schools
The project needs to develop something new for this.
Practice
Activities: Teacher & Parent Handbook